

| National American Indian Heritage Month 2010 | | |
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| Date | Fact | Source |
| 1-Nov-10 | President Barack Obama proclaimed, "The indigenous peoples of North America, the First Americans, have woven rich and diverse threads into the tapestry of our Nation's heritage. Throughout their long history on this great land, they have faced moments of profound triumph and tragedy alike. During National Native American Heritage Month, we recognize their many accomplishments, contributions, and sacrifices, and we pay tribute to their participation in all aspects of American society." | http://www.army.mil/americanindians/index.html |
| 2-Nov-10 | The term "American Indian and Alaska Native" refers to people who share origins with the original people of North, Central, and South America, and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment. | U.S. Census Bureau |
| 3-Nov-10 | There are 562 recognized tribes within the continental United States with a population of 1.9 million American Indian and Alaska Natives. | U.S. DOI- Indian Affairs |
| 4-Nov-10 | The term "American Indian" encompasses hundreds of different tribes and approximately 250 languages. | Georgia Institute of Technology |
| 5-Nov-10 | The U.S. Census reported 4.1 million people are of American Indian/Alaska Native descent in 2000. The tribe with the highest population is the Cherokee, followed by the Navajo tribe. | U.S. Census Bureau |
| 6-Nov-10 | In many Native American languages, the translation for soldier, warrior, protector, and helper are all the same word. | http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/ih/codetalk/online/veterans.cfm |
| 7-Nov-10 | In 1990, George H.W. Bush approved a joint resolution designating November as National American Indian Heritage Month. | U.S. Census Bureau |
| 8-Nov-10 | Private Minnie Spotted-Wolf of Heart Butte, Montana, enlisted in the Marine Corps Women's Reserve in July 1943. She was the first female American Indian to enroll in the Corps. | Women's Memorial |

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| 9-Nov-10 | Master Sergeant Woodrow Wilson Keeble was the first Sioux Indian to receive the Medal of Honor. | U.S. Army |
| 10-Nov-10 | The military enlisted Navajo recruits as "code talkers" during World War II because Navajo is an unwritten language of extreme complexity. Thus, they were able to create an indecipherable code. Navajo code talkers were honored for their defense contributions on September 17, 1992 at the Pentagon. | U.S. Navy |
| 11-Nov-10 | American Indians/Alaska Natives females comprised 2.1% of the active duty forces as of September 2009. | DEOMI |
| 12-Nov-10 | American Indians/Alaska Natives comprised 1.7% of the active duty forces in September 2009. | DEOMI |
| 13-Nov-10 | American Indian/Alaska Native active duty have the highest representation in the fields of supply, procurement, and allied officers. | DEOMI |
| 14-Nov-10 | On June 2, 1924, Congress enacted the Indian Citizenship Act (also known as the Snyder Act of 1924), which granted citizenship to all Native Americans born in the United States. | Library of Congress |
| 15-Nov-10 | In the United States, the federal government recognizes Indian tribes as independent and sovereign powers. Sovereignty is the right of a nation or group of people to be self-governing. Indians are United States citizens and also citizens of their tribes. Like other Americans, Indians are subject to federal laws, but they are not always subject to state laws because Indian reservations are held in trust by the federal government. A government-to-government relationship exists between each sovereign tribe and the U.S. government. | Wisconsin Historical Society |
| 16-Nov-10 | Scouting the enemy was recognized as a strong skill of the Native American soldier. Therefore in 1866, the U.S. Army established the Indian Scouts. | Department of Defense |

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| 17-Nov-10 | 12,000 American Indians served in the U.S. military during World War I. Additionally, more than 42,000 American Indians, 90% of them volunteers, fought in Vietnam. | Department of Defense |
| 18-Nov-10 | As of 2010, Tom Cole — a member of the Chickasaw Nation — is currently the only registered Native American in Congress. He was awarded the Congressional Leadership award by the National Congress of American Indians and was inducted in the Chickasaw Hall of Fame in 2004. | Tom Cole |
| 19-Nov-10 | Ben Knighthorse Campbell was the first American Indian in history to chair the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs and was the only American Indian serving in the Senate when he retired in 2005. | Holland & Knight |
| 20-Nov-09 | 44,000 American Indians served with distinction between 1941 and 1945 in both the European and Pacific wars out of a total Native American population of less than 350,000. | Department of Defense |
| 21-Nov-09 | During World War II, American Indians invested more than \$50 million in war bonds, and contributed generously to the Red Cross and Army and Navy Relief societies. | Department of Defense |
| 22-Nov-09 | Larry Echo Hawk was elected Attorney General of Idaho in 1990, the first American Indian in U.S. history to achieve that distinction. | U.S. DOI- Indian Affairs |
| 23-Nov-10 | John Bennett Herrington (Chickasaw), retired Lieutenant Commander of the U.S. Navy, became the first American Indian astronaut on November 23, 2002. | Space Today |
| 24-Nov-10 | "Tushka chipota" means warrior soldier in the Choctaw language. | National Museum of American Indian |
| 25-Nov-10 | Sacagawea, a Shoshone Indian who is known for her role in accompanying the historic Lewis and Clark expedition, was recognized on the gold dollar coin, which replaced the Susan B. Anthony coin. | Department of Defense |

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| 26-Nov-10 | On May 19, 2009 Larry Echo Hawk, a member of the Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma, was confirmed by the United States Senate as the Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs for the U.S. Department of the Interior. | U.S. DOI- Indian Affairs |
| 27-Nov-10 | Joseph J. "Jocko" Clark (Cherokee), was the first Native American to graduate from the U.S. Naval Academy. | Department of Defense |
| 28-Nov-10 | Montana State Senator, Carol Juneau, a member of the Hidatsa and Mandan Tribes, was crucial in the passage of the "Indian Education for All" Act. The act requires Montana schools to teach Indian culture and heritage in state classrooms. | Indigenous Democratic Network |
| 29-Nov-10 | The city of Seattle (Washington) was named after the chief of the Duwam-sh Indians (allied tribes) inhabiting the shores of the bay in the 1850's. | U.S. Navy |
| 30-Nov-10 | The Alamo Scouts were a top secret reconnaissance unit that operated in the southwest Pacific during World War II. They performed 108 missions without losing a single man, including two POW camp raids. They are recognized by the Army as the forerunner of the modern Special Forces. In fact, the first Alamo Scouts class, one quarter of the enlisted graduates were American Indian. | United Native America |